

Indian Institute of Technology Kanpur
Department of Industrial and Management Engineering
MTech Admissions Written Test
Sample Question Paper

- 1) The expression $(1+q)(1+q^2)(1+q^4)(1+q^8)(1+q^{16})(1+q^{32})(1+q^{64})$, where $q \neq 1$, equals
- A. $\frac{1-q^{128}}{1-q}$;
 - B. $\frac{1-q^{64}}{1-q}$;
 - C. $\frac{1-q^{2^1+2^2+\dots+2^6}}{1-q}$;
 - D. None of the foregoing expressions
- 2) A boy walks from his home to school at 6 km per hour (kmph). He walks back at 2 kmph. His average speed, in kmph, is
- A. 3;
 - B. 4;
 - C. 5;
 - D. $\sqrt{12}$.
- 3) If the 2nd, 5th and 9th terms of a non-constant A.P. are in G.P., then the common ratio of G.P. is:
- A. $\frac{7}{4}$
 - B. $\frac{8}{5}$
 - C. $\frac{4}{3}$
 - D. 1.
- 4) The value of $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (3^x + 7^x)^{\frac{1}{x}}$ is
- A. 7;
 - B. 10;
 - C. e^7
 - D. ∞
- 5) Suppose that $F(n+1) = \frac{2^{F(n)+1}}{2}$ for $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$, and $F(1) = 2$. Then $F(101)$ equals
- A. 50;
 - B. 52;
 - C. 54;
 - D. None of the foregoing quantities.
- 6) The area in square units of the region described by $\{(x, y): y^2 \leq 2x \text{ and } y \geq 4x - 1\}$ is:
- A. $\frac{5}{64}$
 - B. $\frac{15}{64}$
 - C. $\frac{9}{32}$
 - D. $\frac{7}{32}$

- 7) The equations $x^2 + x + a = 0$ and $x^2 + ax + 1 = 0$
- Cannot have a common real root for any value of a ;
 - Have a common real root for exactly one value of a ;
 - Have a common real root for exactly two values of a ;
 - Have a common real root for exactly three values of a .
- 8) A man invests INR 10,000 for a year. Of this INR 4,000 is invested at the interest rate of 5% per year, INR 3,500 at 4% per year and the rest at $\alpha\%$ per year. His total interest for the year is INR 500. Then α equals
- 6.2;
 - 6.3;
 - 6.4;
 - 6.5.
- 9) A letter is known to have come either from LONDON or CLIFTON; on the postmark only the two consecutive letters ON are legible. The probability that it came from LONDON is
- $\frac{5}{17}$
 - $\frac{12}{17}$
 - $\frac{17}{30}$
 - $\frac{3}{5}$
- 10) The equation of the circle circumscribing the triangle formed by the lines $y = 0$, $y = x$ and $2x + 3y = 10$ is
- $x^2 + y^2 + 5x - y = 0$;
 - $x^2 + y^2 - 5x - y = 0$;
 - $x^2 + y^2 - 5x + y = 0$;
 - $x^2 + y^2 - x + 5y = 0$
- 11) A salesman sold two pipes at INR 12 each. His profit on one was 20% and the loss on the other was 20%. Then on the whole, he
- Lost INR 1;
 - Gained INR 1;
 - Neither gained nor lost;
 - Lost INR 2.

12) The integral

$$\int \frac{dx}{x^2(x^4 + 1)^{3/4}}$$

equals:

- $(x^4 + 1)^{1/4} + c$
- $-(x^4 + 1)^{1/4} + c$
- $-\left(\frac{x^4+1}{x^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + c$
- $\left(\frac{x^4+1}{x^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + c$

13) In an election, 10% of the voters on the voters' list did not cast their votes and 60 voters cast their ballot papers blank. There were only two candidates. The winner was supported by 47% of all voters in the list and he got 308 votes more than his rival. The number of voters on the list was

- A. 3600;
- B. 6200;
- C. 4575;
- D. 6028.

14) For all angle A $\frac{\sin 2A \cos A}{(1+\cos 2A)(1+\cos A)}$ equals

- A. $\sin \frac{A}{2}$;
- B. $\cos \frac{A}{2}$;
- C. $\tan \frac{A}{2}$;
- D. $\sin A$

15) There are 3 bags which are known to contain 2 white and 3 black balls; 4 white and 1 black balls and 3 white and 7 black balls respectively. A ball is drawn at random from one of the bags and found to be a black ball. Then the probability that it was drawn from the bag containing the most black balls is

- A. $\frac{7}{15}$
- B. $\frac{5}{19}$
- C. $\frac{3}{4}$
- D. None of these

16) If a , b , c , and d satisfy the equations

$$\begin{aligned} a + 7b + 3c + 5d &= 0, \\ 8a + 4b + 6c + 2d &= -16, \\ 2a + 6b + 4c + 8d &= 16, \\ 5a + 3b + 7c + d &= -16, \end{aligned}$$

Then $(a + d)(b + c)$ equals

- A. 16;
- B. -16;
- C. 0;
- D. None of the foregoing numbers.

17) IITK MTech admission test has 5 multiple choice questions with four choices with one correct answer in each. If you just randomly guess on each of the 5 questions, what is the probability that you get exactly 2 questions correct?

- A. 0.625;
- B. 0.25;
- C. 0.0625;
- D. 0.2636.

18) Let $y(x)$ be the solution of the differential equation

$$(x \log x) \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 2x \log x, (x \geq 1). \text{ Then } y(e) \text{ is equal to:}$$

- A. 0;
- B. 2;
- C. $2e$;
- D. e .

19) A debate club consists of 6 girls and 4 boys. A team of 4 members is to be selected from the club including the selection of a captain (from among these 4 members) for the team. If the team has to include at most one boy, then the number of ways of selecting the team is

- A. 380
- B. 320
- C. 260
- D. 95

20) For a real number x , let $[x]$ denote the greatest integer less than or equal to x . Then the number of real solutions of $|2x - [x]| = 4$ is

- A. 1;
- B. 2;
- C. 3;
- D. 4.

21) The sum of the series $1 + 11 + 111 + \dots$ to n terms is

- A. $\frac{1}{9} \left[\frac{10}{9} (10^n - 1) + n \right]$;
- B. $\frac{1}{9} \left[\frac{10}{9} (10^n - 1) - n \right]$;
- C. $\frac{10}{9} \left[\frac{1}{9} (10^n - 1) - n \right]$;
- D. $\frac{10}{9} \left[\frac{1}{9} (10^n - 1) + n \right]$;

22) The sum of coefficients of integral powers of x in the binomial expansion of $(1 - 2\sqrt{x})^{501}$ is

- A. $\frac{1}{2}(3^{50})$
- B. $\frac{1}{2}(3^{50} - 1)$
- C. $\frac{1}{2}(2^{50} + 1)$
- D. $\frac{1}{2}(3^{50} + 1)$

23) If $\log_{10} x - \log_{10} \sqrt{x} = 2 \log_x 10$, then a possible value of x is given by

- A. 10;
- B. $1/100$
- C. $1/1000$
- D. None of these

- 24) Consider the two arithmetic progressions $3, 7, 11, \dots, 407$ and $2, 9, 16, \dots, 709$. The number of common terms of these two progressions is
- A. 0;
 - B. 7;
 - C. 15;
 - D. 14
- 25) Three coins are tossed. If one of them shows tail, then the probability that all three coins show tail, is
- A. $\frac{1}{7}$
 - B. $\frac{1}{8}$
 - C. $\frac{2}{7}$
 - D. $\frac{1}{6}$
- 26) The equation $x^2y - 2xy + 2y = 0$ represents
- A. A straight line;
 - B. A circle;
 - C. A hyperbola;
 - D. None of the foregoing curves.
- 27) The equation $x - \log_e(1 + e^x) = c$ has a solution
- A. For every $c \geq 1$;
 - B. For every $c < 1$;
 - C. For every $c < 0$;
 - D. For every $c > -1$
- 28) Let A be the fixed point $(0,4)$ and B be a moving point $(2t,0)$. Let M be the mid-point of AB and let the perpendicular bisector of AB meet the y -axis at R . The locus of the mid-point P of MR is
- A. $y + x^2 = 2$;
 - B. $x^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 1/4$;
 - C. $(y - 2)^2 - x^2 = 1/4$;
 - D. None of the foregoing curves
- 29) A fair coin is tossed 99 times. Let X be the number of times heads occurs. Then $P(X=r)$ is maximum when r is
- (A) 49
 - (B) 52
 - (C) 51
 - (D) None of these